After Final Office Action of May 27, 2009

**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS** 

1-24 (Canceled)

25. (Currently amended) An in vitro method of diagnosis, applied to a urine sample from a

test subject for the determination of improper manipulation by the test subject of the

sample to be diagnosed, in which marker substances PEG (polyethylene glycols), which

are only slightly metabolisable or are non-metabolisable and are diagnosable in urine,

were administered to the test-subject, the method- A method for determining improper

manipulation of a urine sample by a test subject during testing, wherein prior to providing

the sample, the subject is administered marker substances PEG (polyethylene glycols)

that are only slightly metabolizable or are non-metabolizable and thus detectable in urine.

comprising:

administering to the test subject, at the same time and in addition to the PEG

marker substances, a metabolizable substance comprising at least one of a

derivative of benzoic acid or 4-hydroxy-benzoic acid, that can be detected in the

same chromatogram with the non-metabolizable PEG marker substances and that,

after metabolism, is no longer detectable in the sample in which the marker

substances are analyzed:

collecting a urine sample from the test subject; and

analyzing the urine sample with chromatography, wherein the detection of the

metabolizable substance in the urine sample demonstrates improper manipulation

by the test subject.

26. (Previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein methyl-4-hydroxybenzoate is used as the metabolizable substance.

Docket No.: KWO-18902/01